



Communication and dementia

Information sheet

Communication requires two people. If either person has failing abilities, communication becomes difficult.

People with dementia mate wareware often experience a gradual decline in their ability to communicate as their dementia mate wareware progresses. They may find it more and more difficult to express themselves clearly to others and to understand what others are saying to them. This can become frustrating for people with dementia, and for those trying to communicate with them. Different types of dementia mate wareware affect the brain in different ways and each individual communicates their thoughts and feelings in a unique fashion. However, there are often similarities.

How communication is affected

- In the early stages of some forms of dementia mate wareware people have difficulty finding the right word; in the later stage words may be lost completely in all forms of dementia mate wareware.
- It becomes harder to put sentences together as the disease progresses.
- Automatic responses such as "hello" are retained for the longest period of time.
- In the late stages a person with dementia mate wareware may have very limited ability to speak.

Remember there is more to communication than what you say.

Communication is made up of

- Body language (including facial expressions, posture and gestures)
- Tone and pitch of the voice
- The words that are used

When communicating with someone with dementia mate wareware we need to be creative and use all forms of communication possible. When speaking try to make sure the message is relayed in a way people with dementia mate wareware will understand. When listening, read the body language and emotions of people with dementia, as it may not match their words.

The Four S's of Communication – Slow Simple Specific Show

- **Slow** down your rate of speech and wait for the person to respond before saying something else. Take care not to sound condescending.
- **Simple** Give only one instruction at a time and try to use short sentences
- **Specific** Talk about people, objects or events which they may remember. Use the name of people and places instead of pronouns (him, her, she, them, etc)
- **Show** the people what you mean by using gestures to explain what you are talking about

What we can do to help?

- We can make sure that we have the person's attention. Eye contact is important. It's a good idea to get down to their level if they are sitting.
- Use touch to help draw and keep the person's attention, as well as to communicate feelings of affection.
- Be calm and gentle.
- Where possible approach the person from the front.
- Try to avoid talking to people with dementia mate wareware when there is competing noise e.g. from the TV or radio.
- Keep our sentences short and simple. Make one point at a time. Try to keep with familiar ideas rather than complex new concepts.

- Allow time for someone with dementia mate wareware to process what was said and give them time to respond.
- Use people's names rather than pronouns (i.e. he or she).
- Frame questions very simply asking only one thing at a time. Try to avoid questions which require complicated answers. It is best to ask questions which can be answered with one or two words.
- If it is necessary to repeat a question, try to do so without changing the words you used the first time.
- Acknowledge if the person is having difficulty trying to communicate.
- Check that hearing or eyesight is not impaired. Glasses or a hearing aid may help the person communicate better.

Remember that people with dementia mate wareware retain their feelings and emotions even if they can't understand what is being said. Be considerate of the person's dignity and self-esteem at all times.

What to try and avoid

- Avoid arguing with or contradicting people with dementia mate wareware.
- Avoid being condescending – your tone will be picked up even if the words are not understood.
- Don't talk about people in front of them as though they are not there. Even if people are unable to understand what is being said, they are likely to pick up on body language and gestures.
- Don't ask questions that rely on a good memory.

Quality of life is dependent on interactions and relationships with others. Therefore, it is important to keep working on improving communication with people with dementia mate wareware, even if it is a complex and challenging process.

Tips from a care partner

“Don't speak too fast... I find that if my partner Ray can't get the words out and wants me to help him, it is sometimes a good idea to get him to think of something similar, rather than get stuck on the one word. Then I can have a good guess at what he wants to say,” Eileen Smith.

Tips from people living with dementia mate wareware

- Speak directly to the person and carefully assess their ability to converse – Kate Clark
- People with dementia are aware that with time communication will become more difficult and therefore are often more sensitive if others talk past them or ignore them while holding a conversation – Kate Clark
- If there is a large family gathering try and include us in the conversation, otherwise we may just sit quietly in the corner – Ray Smith
- When possible in the early years, make sure the person with dementia is getting as much social interaction and conversation as needed – Kate Clark
- Don't say "throwaway lines" when you are leaving the room, i.e. come and help me in the garden. If your back is to us, we will not be concentrating on your voice; the sound will be blurred, so we will not be able to process the information – Ray Smith
- Don't try and rush us, allow us time to try and get the words out – Ray Smith
- Do not interrupt when we are speaking. Please wait until we have finished speaking before asking for clarification or making a comment. This is not because we wish to hold the floor, but recognition that we may lose the thread of what we are saying. This also recognises that people with dementia need to have time to think before they respond – Ray Smith